Issued date:Mar. 7, 2018 Revision date:Dec. 15, 2024

# Material Safety Data Sheet (SDS) [For mixture (for paint)]

1. Product and company information

Product name : C3 primer

Company name : Hoei sangyou Co., Ltd.

Address : 94, Ohnosiba-cho, Naka-ku, Sakai city, Osaka prefecture

Department in charge : Engineering department

 Phone number
 : +81-72-235-1131

 Fax number
 : +81-72-234-0835

 Emergency contact
 : +81-72-235-1131

2. Hazards identification

[ GHS classification ]

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids :No classification

Health hazards

Acute toxicity (oral)

Acute toxicity (Dermal)

Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas)

Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapor)

So classification

No classification

So classification

Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust/mist) :Classification not possible

Skin corrosion / irritation :No classification

Serious eye damage / eye irritation :Category 2

Respiratory sensitization :No classification
Skin sensitization :No classification
Germ cell mutagenicity :Category 1
Carcinogenicity :Category 2
Reproductive toxicity :Category 1

Specific target organs toxicity(single exposure) :Classification not possible

Specific target organs toxicity(Repeated exposure) :Category 2

Aspiration hazard :Classification not possible

Enviromental hazard

Aquatic environmental toxicity: acute :No classification
Aquatic environmental toxicity: chronic :No classification

Hazardous to the Ozone Layer :Classification not possible

[GHS label elements]

Signal ward : Dangerous



# $[{\tt Hazardous\ information}]$

:Causes serious eye irritation.

:Suspected of causing genetic defect.

:Suspected of causing cancer.

:May damage fertility or the unborn child.

:May cause damage to organ and through prolonged or repeated exposure.

(The liver, the kidneys.)

## Instructions

### [Precaution]

:In the handling workspace, please provide a local exhaust system with no flames.

:Ventilation is good while handling, so as not to inhale steam, necessary

please respond accordingly to mask for organic gas or as mask for gas supply.

:Protective eyeglasses, protective gloves, long sleeve work clothes so as not to touch the eyes and the skin please wear it.

:After handling , please wash your hands and gargle thoroughly

[First aid measures]

:In case of fire, please use carbon dioxide gas, form or powdered fire extinguisher.

:In case of contact with eyes, wash with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, promptly doctor's diagnosis please receive.

If you feel bad by inhaling steam, gas etc., clean air

please rest at the place and receive a doctor's diagnosis if necessary.

:If it adheresto the skin, wash it off with soapy water, it will cause pain or appearance when there is a chage, please consult a doctor promptly.

:In case of accidental swallowing, get medical attention immediately.

[Storage]

:Keep locked and stored.

[Leakage]

:If spilling from the containers wipe it off with sand, cloth or the like, please collect it in a container filled with water.

[Disposal]

:Contents and containers, specialized waste received permission from the perfectural governor please consign it to a processing company.

### 3. Composition / information on ingredients

Distinction between chemical substance and mixturres

Chemical name or general name

: Mixture

: Acrylate ester copolymer emulsion

onemical name of Scholar name	merjiace ebeer coperimer emarcion		
ingredients	CAS. No	Content (wt%)	Safety law
Acrylate ester copolymer		15~20	
Ethanol	64-17-5	1.5~2.5	No. 61
3chloro1, 2propanediol	96-24-2	<0.5	
1,3dichloro 2propanol	96-23-1	<0.3	
Water		80~83	

### 4. First aid measures

After inhalation

: Inhale steam, gas etc., and if you feel sick immediately transfer to a fresh

place of freshness, endeavor to rest and keep warm, medical attention promptly.

After skin contact

:Remove adhered clothesand shoes, while flowing water or cool water while adhering parts wash.

:Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water and soap or skin

After eye contact

:Immediately remove all contaminated clothing.

Immediately wash with plenty of clean running water for at least 15 minutes.

Remove contact lense when worm and can be removed easily.

Wash throughly to the back of the eyelids.

After swallowing

:In case of accidentalswallowing, wash the inside of the mouth with water, rest set up SDS immediately present and submit a doctor's diagnosis.

A brief description of the most important symptom

Protection of first-aiders

 $\hbox{:} We ar appropriate pritective equipment (protective glasses, protective masks, gloves, etc.) according to the situation.$ 

A brief description of the most important symptoms and effects

:No information

### 5. Fire - fighting measures

Extinguishing media

:Water, carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder, dry sand

Unsuitable extinguishing media

:Straight stream may spread a fire.

Specific fire extinguishing method

:For initial fire, powder , carbon dioxcide , etc. are used.

:In case of a large-scale fire, it is necessary to shut off the air using a foam etc.

It is valid, in the case of a surrounding fire cool the surrounding equipment by spraying water.

Transfer the movable container to a safe place in a prompt manner.

Protection of firefighter

:When extingushing fire, wear air respirator, chemical protective clothing.

### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions.

Protective equipment and emergency procedures.

:In the case of indoors, ventilate thoroughly until treatment is completed.

:Approach outsidestakeholders by stretching a rope around the leaky place Ban.

:When handling the work, use protective equipment.

(rubber gloves, protective eyeeglasses, breathing protection, etc.)

Do not wear and adhere to theskin or inhales gas / vapor.

:Work from the windward side and evacuate people leaning downwind.

:Prepare fire extinguishing equipment in case of ignition.

:In case of large amount, people are safely withdrawn.

#### Environmental precautions

:Be careful not to let spills enter the river etc.

In case of flowing into a river or the like, cotact the fire department, river management department, waterworks bureau, public health center, agricultual cooperative, fishery cooperative etc unnecessary.

Appropriate measure such as reporting to the surrounding residents that a leak has occurred due to the occurrence of abad smell etc.

#### Recovery

:In case of small amount, wipe with dry sand, sawdust, cloth etc, and collect it in a sealable container. Discard it later.

:In case of a large amount, stop the flow path with blankets, sandbags, etc., and collect with a vacuum.

Containment and purification methods equipment

:Stop leak if it is not dangerous.

:All equipment used when handling spills is grounded.

Measures to prevent secondary disasters

Remove nearby waste fire sources promptl, prepare fire extinguishers for ignition.

### 7. Handling and Storage

Technical measures

:Refer to [Sect., 8 Exposure controls/ personal protection]

Local exhaust or general ventilation

:Refer to  $\lceil \text{Sect.,8} \mid \text{Exposure controls/ personal protection} \rfloor$ 

Precaution for handling

:Provide ventilation and wear protecters.

Avoid exposing by supplying an appropriate protection tool and ventilator.

Keep container tightly closed.

Wear protect equipment while the work, avoid eye , $\operatorname{skin}$  , and clothing contact.

Wash hand, face and well gargle after handling.

### Hygiene measures

:Wash with water and soap after handling.

Storage conditions

:Avoid freezing, direct sunlight, keep in a well-ventilated place.

Avoid overturn, fall-down.

Keep container tightly closed.

Keep the temperature of the degree of  $5{\sim}40.$ 

Hazardous decomposition products

:Refer to [Sect., 10 Stability and reactivity]

# $8.\ \ \mbox{Exposure controls}$ and personal protection

Equipment measures

 $: \\ \textbf{Use designated explosion-proof electricity, ventilation and lighting equipment.}$ 

:Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharge.

:Ventilate for exhaust to keep airborne concentrations below exposure limits.

:When mist occurs in the processat high temperature handling, control the air pollutant to the controlled concentration install a ventilator to keep it below.

:Do not handle unless sealed equipment, equipment or local exhaust is used. In order to keep the air concentration below the recommended management

concentration below, it is necessary to seal the process.

use other eqipment countermeasures.

:Store facial cleanser and safety shower in workspaces where this material is not stored and handled.

Control value

:Not established

Adopted value

Japan Society For Occupational Health :Not established

Recommendation value (2005)

ACGIH recommendation value (2005) :TLV-TWA 1000ppm (Ethanol)

Protective equipment Respiratory protection

:Wear respiratory protective equipment (gas mask for organic gas, air line mask)

Hand protection.

:Wear oil resistant protective gloves.

Eye protection

 $\hbox{:} \hbox{\tt Wear safety glasses (ordinary glasses type, ordinary glasses type with side}\\$ 

plate ,goggletype).

Skin and body protection

:Wear protective clothing(antistatic type) and protective shoes(antistatic type)

Hygiene measures

:Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state, shape, color etc. :Slightly yellow muddy liquid Odor :Slightly irritating odor

pH value :4~6

Explosive range : No date
Vapor pressure : No date
Vapor dencity : No date

Specific gravity  $\begin{array}{c} \text{Soluble in water} \\ \text{Soluble in water} \end{array}$ 

n-octanol/water (log value) :No date Auto-ignition temperature :No date Resolution temperature :No date

Vapor threshold :No date
Evapolation rate :No date
Flammability(solid, gas) :Not applicable
Viscocity :100∼150 mPa⋅s

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability :Stable in the air at the normal temperature.

Reactivity :Non-inflammable, CO, Nox gas occurs with combustion.

Incompatible materials :No information Hazardous decomposition products :No information

# 11. Toxicological information

	Acute toxicity oral	dermal	vapour	dust, mist
Ethanol	LD50=7000~ 11000mg/kg (DIDS) Rat	LDL <sub>0</sub> =20000mg/kg (SIDS)Rabbit	LC50=63000ppmV (4Hr) (DFGMAK)	
3-chloro 1,2 propane diol	LD50=26.55~300 mg/kg(IUCLID)Rat	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm LD50{=}1057mg/kg} \\ {\rm Rat} \\ {\rm LD50{=}800~\mu~L/kg} \\ {\rm (RTECS)} \end{array}$	LC50=88~174ppm (4Hr)(IUCLID) Rat	
1,3Di chloro 2-pro papanol	LD50=110~122 mg/kg Rat(Initial Risk Assessment Report)	LD50=800mg/kg Rabbit(Initial Risk Assessment Report)	LC50=130~595ppm Rat(24Hr) (Initial Risk Assessment Report)	

Skin corrosi	on/ Serious eye damage	Respiratory	Skin
irritation	/irritation	sensitization	sensitization
Rabbit ,Skin irritation t (OECD.TG404, Ethanol No irritatio	est irritation test 4hr) (OECD	Patiemts with mild stable asthma, inhalation provocation test severe bronchoconstriction	contact dermatitis etc (DFGMAK)

	Skin corrosion/	Serious eye damage	Respiratory	Skin
	irritation	/irritation	sensitization	sensitization
3-chloro 1,2 propane diol	No data	Rabbit Eye irritation test Moderate irritation (HSDB, IUCLID)	No data	No data

	Skin corrosion/	Serious eye damage	Respiratory	Skin
	irritation	/irritation	sensitization	sensitization
	,	/ 3	No data	No data
	irritation test	irrritation test		
1,3Di	(24hr)	Severe irritation		
chloro	Irritation	(Initial Risk		
2-pro	(Initial Risk	Assessment Report		
papanol	Assessment Report	Eye irritation		
	RTECS)	(ICSC)		

	Germ cell	Carcinogenicity	Reproductive
	mutagenicity		toxicity
Ethanol	Rat, in vivo Chromosomal aberration test Micronucleus test (Drinking water administration Negative(SIDS, IARC)	(alcholic drink IARC group 1 (Carcinogenic to human)	Drinking alcohol more than a certain level; Increased abortion and a risk of abortion (IARC)
3-chloro 1,2 propane diol	Mouse Dominant lethal test 8intraperitoneal administration/ oral administration) Negative (IUCLID)	IARC Group 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans	Male, rat, Single-doseoral toxicity test50mg/kg A decrease inspermhead, swelling of the testis, etc (HSDB)
1,3Di chloro 2-pro papanol	Rat/Mouses in vivo Micronucleus test Negative (Environmental Risk Assessment, NTP)	IARC Group 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans	Male, rat Single- dose subcutaneous toxicity test 43.7mg/kg A slight decrease in epididymal sperm count (Initial Risk Assessment Report)

	Specific target	Specific target	Aspiration
	organ toxicity	organ toxicity	hazard
	single exposure	repeated exposure	
Ethanol	Human inhalation toxicity test Stupor, somnolence mild paralysis Inhalation exposure:Upper airway irritation (ACGIH)	Human, Long-term large ingestion Hardous effects on almost all organs, Target: Liver (Fattyliver, hepatic necrosis (DFGMAK)	Classification not possible

3-chloro 1,2 propane diol	Specific target organ toxicity single exposure Rat,Oral toxicity test:100to200mg/ kg Renal tubular dilation,nucrosis or degeneration of renal tubular epithelium(HSDB)	Specific target organ toxicity repeated exposure Rat, 4week oraltoxicity test 60mg/kg/day A decrease in hemoglobin concentration, or red blood cell volume or count, chronic progressive nephropathy (IUCLID)	Aspiration hazard  Classification not possible
1,3Di chloro 2-pro papanol	Human, Exposure during cleanup operation, General malaise , neasea vomiting acute liver injury, deaths (Initial Risk Assessment Report)	Male rat14day oral toxicity test 20mg/kg/day :Seprmatocele in the efferent duct (Initial Risk assessmentReport) May cause effect on the liver or kidney(ISCS)	Classification not possible

### 12. Ecological information

· Avoid entering the river, ground, drainer or affecting to the environment.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

short time (acute)

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long time (chronic)

:Not classified

:Not classified

	Ecotoxicity	Persistence and degradability	Bioaccumulative potential	Mobility in soil
Ethanol	LC50>100mg/L (96hr) (SIDS) Fish-Fathead minow	Biodegradation test(2week) Readily biodegradable		No additional information available
3-chloro 1,2 propane diol	LC50=2100mg/L (48hr) (IUCLID) Fish-Harlequin Rasbora	Biodegradation test (2weeks) Percentage degradation 68% (BOD) (HSDB)	BCF=0.2 (predicted value) (HSDB)	No additional information available
1,3Di chloro 2-pro papanol	LC50>100mg/L (96hr) (SIDS) Fish-Medaka (Environmental Risk Assessment, Initial Risk Assessment Report	Biodegradation test(4weeks) Readily biodegradable (Environmental Risk Assessment, Initial Risk Assessment Report	BCF=3.2 (predicted value) (Environmental Risk Assessment, Initial Risk Assessment Report)	No additional information available

### 13. Disposal considerations

### Residual waste

:When incinerating, observe relevant laws and regulations.

In the case of disposal, collection and transporters of industrial waste received permission of the prefectural governor contract with the disposal company, the waste disposal law (waste disposal and cleaning law) and comply with relevant laws and regulations and properly process it.

### Contaminated containers and packaging

:In case of discarding empty contaminated containers / packages, after completely removing the contents the prefectural governor.

We contracted with industrial waste collection / transportation companies and disposal companies that received permission of the Waste Disposal Act (Waste Disposal and Public Cleansing Law) and regulation and laws and regulations properly.

# 14. Transport information

International regulation

UN number : Not applicable
UN Class : Not applicable
Container grade : Not applicable

### Special safety measures

:When transporting, make sure that the container does not leak, to prevent falling, or damage ensure prevention of loading and collapse of load.

It is necessary to hold the yellow card when transporting.

Do not transport with food and feed.

15. Regulatory information

Fire Service Act :Not applicable

Industrial Safety and Health Act :Harmful substance to be notified of name etc.

(Article 57-2 of the law, appended table 9 of Article 18-2 of the enforcement ordinance)

3Chloro 1,2propanediol Regulation appended table 2-544

(Apr/1/2025 enforcement)

1,3dichloro 2propanol Regulation appended table 2-845

(Apr/1/2025 enforcement)

Pollutant Release and Transfer

Register Law ( PRTR Law ) Poisonous and Deleterious

: Not applicable

: Not applicable

Substances Control Act Marine Pollution Prevention Act

:Hazardous liquid substance (Category Y substance)

3chloro1, 2propanediol

:Hazardous liquid substance (Category Z substance)

Ethanol

Air Pollution Control Act :Volatile organic compound (Article 2-4)

Ethanol

1,3dichloro 2propanol

### 16. Other information (cited documents, etc.)

This document describes product safety information.

In the case of please refer to technical documents, specification etc for various requirements on quality.

For details on protective equioment, please contact the Japan Safety Appliances

Association. (TEL: 03-5804-3125)

### References cited

:International Chemical Safety Cards. (ICSC)

Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances. (RTECS)

Working environment evaluation criteria.

Journal of the Japan Society for Occupational Health.

2001 TLVs and BELs (ACGIH)

The Code of Federal Regulations. (OSHA)

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risk to Humans. (IARC)

List of regulated substances. (Nippon Chemical Database)

Chemical database. (Nippon Chemical Database)

GHS classification result database. (National Insutitute of Technology and

Evaluation)

CHEMGOLD2 (ChemWatch)

This information herein is given in good faith in accordance with the data in a variety of technical publication.

It is the use's responsibility to determine the suitability of this information for the adoption of necessary safety precautions.

In addition, the information listed here is made based on the latest information by our investigation at the time of creation, but please understand that revision is possible by amendment of laws, regulations or the announcement of new toxicity test result.